# **Energy and Voltage in circuits**

### Question paper 2

Level	IGCSE(9-1)
Subject	Physics
Exam Board	Edexcel IGCSE
Module	Double Award (Paper 1P)
Topic	Electricity
Sub-Topic	Energy and Voltage in circuits
Booklet	Question paper 2

Time Allowed: 59 minutes

Score: /49

Percentage: /100

#### **Grade Boundaries:**

A*	Α	В	С	D	E	U
>85%	′75%	70%	60%	55%	50%	<50%

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1 Photograph **E** shows a rechargeable torch.

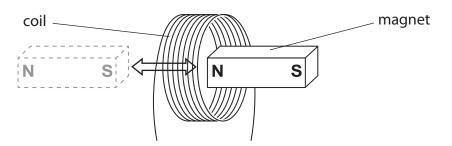


Photograph **E** 

(a) When a student shakes the torch, the magnet moves through the coil and back again.

This induces a voltage across the ends of the coil.

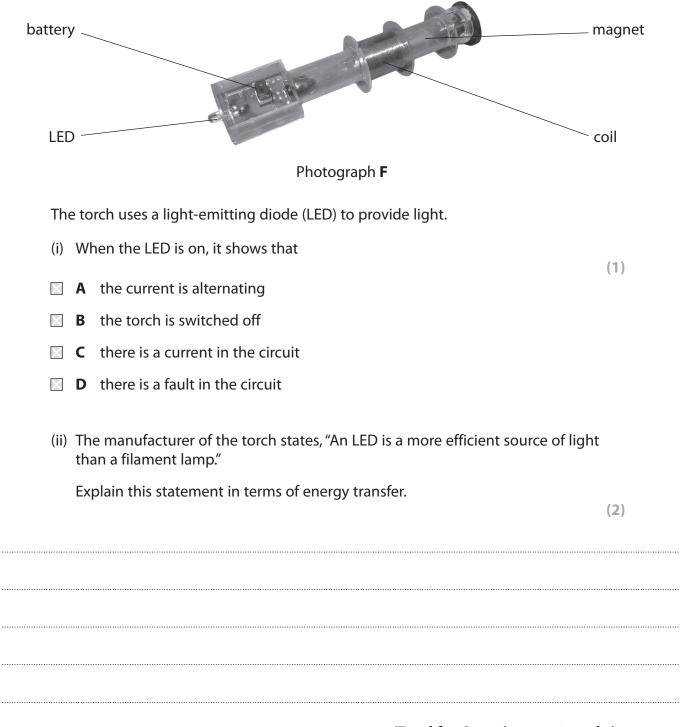
The voltage is used to provide current to recharge the battery.



(i) Explain why a vol	tage is induced.	(2)
		(2)
(ii) State <b>one</b> way to	increase this voltage.	
		(1)

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(b) Photograph **F** shows the components inside the torch.

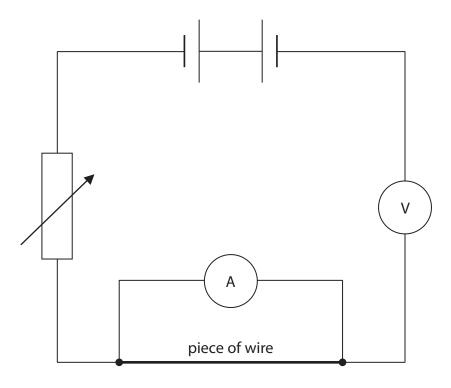


(Total for Question 1 = 6 marks)

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**2** A student plans to measure the resistance of a piece of wire.

He sets up this circuit and finds that it does not work.



(a) Identify the three errors in the student's circuit.

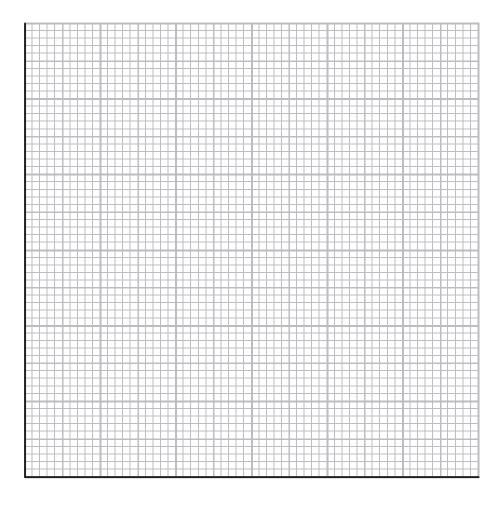
(3)

(b) The student uses a correct circuit to obtain these results.

Current in amps	Voltage in volts
0.00	0.0
0.24	1.5
0.71	4.5
0.89	6.0
1.00	7.5
1.10	9.0

(i) Plot a graph to show the relationship between current and voltage for the wire.

(5)

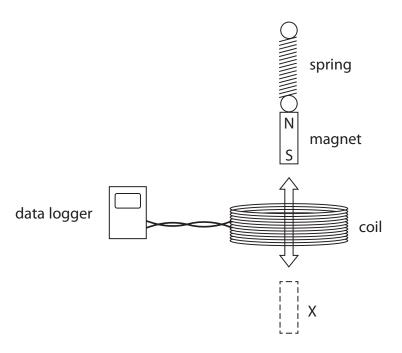


(ii) Find the current when the voltage is 2.5 V.	(1)
(iii) Suggest why the line on the graph curves.	(1)
(iv) Describe what else the student should do to find an accurate value for the resistance of the piece of wire at a constant temperature.	(4)

(Total for Question 2 = 14 marks)

**3** A student investigates how to produce a voltage.

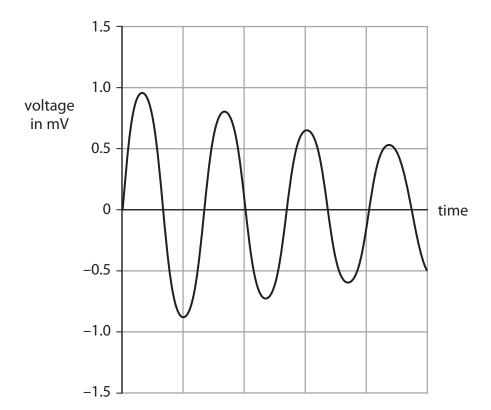
He hangs a magnet from a spring, above a coil that is connected to a data logger.



(a) The student pulls the magnet through the coil to X and then releases it.

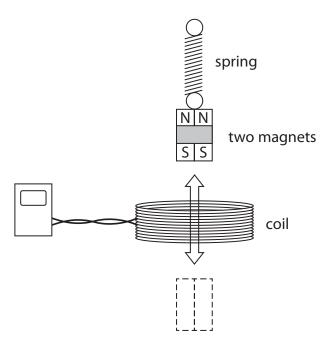
The magnet moves up and down through the coil.

The data logger produces this graph of voltage against time.



(i) Explain why the data logger records a varying voltage.	(2)
(ii) Which feature of the graph shows that the voltage is alternating?	(1)
 (iii) Suggest why the voltage changes as shown by the graph.	(2)

(b) The student repeats the experiment using two magnets taped together.



Compared to one magnet, these two magnets take a longer time to move up and down.

The dotted line on the grid shows the original graph for one magnet.

-1.5

On the same grid, sketch the graph that would be produced using two magnets.

voltage in mV 0.5 -0.5 -1.0 -1.0 -1.0

(Total for Question 3 = 8 marks)

(3)

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4 A student uses an electric heater to investigate efficiency.

He places the heater in an aluminium block, switches the heater on and measures the temperature of the block each minute for 20 minutes.



- (a) The student wants to calculate the electrical energy supplied to the heater.
  - (i) Complete the table by recording the readings shown on the meters below.

**(2)** 





Current in amps, A	
Voltage in volts, V	

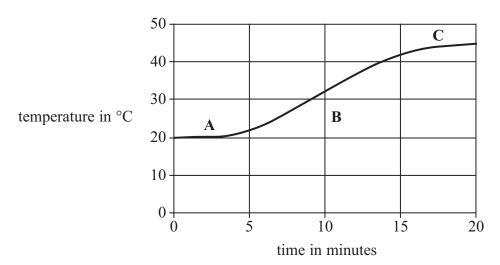
(ii) Show that the energy supplied to the heater in 20 minutes is about 30 000 J.

(3)

ate the equation linking efficiency, useful energy output and total energy input	(1) (2)
alculate the efficiency of heating the aluminium block.	(2)
Efficiency = ne efficiency of the <b>heater</b> will be <b>higher</b> than this value.	
aggest why.	(1)
ate <b>one</b> way in which the student could increase the efficiency of heating the aminium block.	(1)
	e efficiency of the <b>heater</b> will be <b>higher</b> than this value.  ggest why.  te <b>one</b> way in which the student could increase the efficiency of heating the

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(c) The graph shows how the temperature of the block increases from 20  $^{\circ}$ C to 45  $^{\circ}$ C during the investigation.



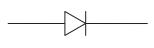
Use ideas about heat transfer to help you explain the shape of the graph in

(i) section A,		(1)
(ii) section <b>B</b> ,	 	 
(ii) section <b>B</b> ,		(2)
(iii) section C.		(2)

**5** (a) The diagram shows some electrical circuit symbols.

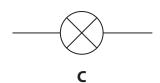


Α



R

D



(i) Which symbol represents a switch?

(1)

- $\bowtie$  A
- $\blacksquare$  B
- **X** C
- $\boxtimes$  D

(ii) Which symbol represents a diode?

(1)

- $\bowtie$  A
- $\boxtimes$  B
- **区**
- $\square$  D

(b) A hairdryer connected to the mains supply takes a current of 5.5 A.	
(i) Which of these fuses should be used with the hairdryer?	(1)
■ B 5 A	
□ 13 A	
(ii) Expla our answer.	(1)
(iii) The hairdryer has a plastic case so there is no need for an earth wire co in the plug.	onnection
Explain why the hairdryer is still safe to use.	(2)

(Total for Question 5 = 6 marks)